

IN THE CLAIMS

Please AMEND the claims as follows:

For the convenience of the Examiner, all of the pending claims are reproduced below, in their current form, whether or not the claims are amended herein.

*sub C-17*  
~~1. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus for simulating phenomena of a combined particle formed of individual particles, comprising:~~

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~~a kinetic condition setting unit which sets information for defining a plurality of generation periods and a corresponding number of individual particles to be generated during each generation period; and~~

~~a particle motion computing unit which generates the individual particles in accordance with the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit and computes motion of the generated individual particles, to simulate phenomena of the combined particle, each individual particle having a corresponding emission source.~~

2. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 1, wherein the combined particle is formed of substrate particles and adsorbate particles.

3. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 1, wherein the combined particle is formed of substrate particles and adsorbate particles, each said individual particle being an adsorbate particle, and,

before generating the individual particles, the particle motion computing unit generates the substrate particles.

4. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 1, further comprising:

a display which allows a user to enter the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit.

5. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 1, wherein the combined particle is formed of a first type of particle and a second type of particle, each of said individual particles being the first type of particle, and the kinetic condition setting unit sets information for generating the second type of particle.

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6. ( ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 1, wherein each individual particle is formed of smaller particles; the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit includes information indicating whether the smaller particles of a respective individual particle are static against a center of mass of the individual particle; and when the particle motion computing unit generates an individual particle and the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit indicates that the smaller particles of the respective individual particle are not static against the center of mass, the particle motion computing unit provides a random orientation to the smaller particles of the individual particle.

7. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 6, further comprising: a display which allows a user to enter the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit.

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C37 8. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 1, wherein  
each individual particle is formed of smaller particles;

the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit includes information indicating whether the smaller particles of a respective individual particle are static against a center of mass of the individual particle; and

when the particle motion computing unit generates an individual particle and the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit indicates that the smaller particles of the respective individual particle are not static against the center of mass, the particle motion computing unit provides an initial velocity to the smaller particles of the individual particle.

9. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 1, wherein, when generating an individual particle, the particle motion computing unit provides a random direction within a cone pointed at the substrate and being centered at a point of generation of center of mass velocity of the individual particle.

10. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 1, wherein  
[each individual particle has a corresponding emission source,]  
for each individual particle, the kinetic condition setting unit sets a region indicating a position of the corresponding emission source, and  
the particle motion computing unit generates each individual particle in accordance with the position of the corresponding emission source.

11. (NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 1, further comprising:  
a display which displays the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit.

12. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus for simulating phenomena of a combined particle formed of individual particles, each individual particle having a corresponding emission source, the apparatus comprising:

an input device which allows a user to designate a region;

a kinetic condition setting unit which, for each individual particle, sets the region designed by the user as a region indicating a position of the corresponding emission source; and

a particle motion computing unit which generates the individual particles in accordance with the position of the corresponding emission source as indicated by the region designated by the user and computes motion of the generated individual particles, to simulate phenomena of the combined particle.

13. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 12, wherein the input device is a display.

14. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 12, further comprising:  
a display which displays the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit.

15. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 14, wherein the display shows the individual particles generated by the particle motion computing unit and indicates the motion computed by the particle motion computing unit.

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C4 16. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus for simulating phenomena of a combined particle formed of individual particles, comprising:

a kinetic condition setting unit which sets information for defining kinetic conditions of the individual particles; and

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a particle motion computing unit which generates the individual particles in accordance with the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit and computes motion of the generated individual particles, to simulate phenomena of the combined particle, each individual particle having a corresponding emission source.

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17. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 16, wherein  
the combined particle is formed a first type of particle and a second type of particle, the first type of particle moving towards the second type of particle, each of said individual particles being the first type of particle,

the kinetic condition setting unit sets a region for defining an initial position of the individual particles, and

the apparatus further comprises a display which displays the relationship between the region set by the kinetic condition setting unit and a region indicating a position of a second type of particle forming the combined particle.

18. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 17, wherein  
the kinetic condition setting unit sets information for providing a direction of velocity to the individual particles, and

the display shows the direction of velocity with respect to the region set by the kinetic condition setting unit and the region indicating the position of the second type of particle.

19. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 16, further comprising:  
a display which displays the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit.

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C5 20. (ONCE AMENDED) A computer-implemented method for simulating phenomena of a combined particle formed of individual particles, comprising the steps of:  
setting information for defining a plurality of generation periods and a corresponding number of individual particles to be generated during each generation period;  
generating the individual particles in accordance with the information set in the setting step; and  
computing motion of the generated individual particles, to simulate phenomena of the combined particle.

21. (NOT AMENDED) A method as in claim 20, wherein the combined particle is formed of substrate particles and adsorbate particles, each said individual particle being an adsorbate particle.

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C6 22. (ONCE AMENDED) A computer-implemented method for simulating phenomena of a combined particle formed of individual particles, each individual particle having a corresponding emission source, the method comprising the steps of:  
setting, for each individual particle, a region indicating a position of the corresponding emission source;  
generating the individual particles in accordance with the position of the corresponding emission source as indicated by the region set in the setting step; and  
computing motion of the generated individual particles, to simulate phenomena of the combined particle.

23. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus for simulating phenomena of a combined particle formed of individual particles, comprising:  
setting information for defining kinetic conditions of the individual particles;

displaying the set information;  
generating the individual particles in accordance with the set information; and  
computing motion of the generated individual particles, to simulate phenomena of the combined particle, each individual particle having a corresponding emission source.

24. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus for simulating phenomena of a combined particle formed of substrate particles and adsorbate particles, comprising:  
a kinetic condition setting unit which sets information for defining kinetic conditions of the adsorbate particles; and  
a particle motion computing unit which generates the adsorbate particles in accordance with the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit and computes motion of the generated adsorbate particles, to simulate phenomena of the combined particle, each adsorbate particle having a corresponding emission source.

25. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 24, wherein the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit defines a plurality of generation periods and a corresponding number of adsorbate particles to be generated during each generation period by the particle motion computing unit.

26. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 24, wherein  
the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit includes information for defining kinetic conditions of the substrate particles; and  
the particle motion computing unit generates the substrate particles before generating the adsorbate particles.

27. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 24, wherein each substrate particle includes a fixed particle, a temperature control particle and a free particle,

the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit includes information for defining kinetic conditions of the fixed particle, the temperature control particle and the free particle of each substrate particle, and

the particle motion computing unit generates the fixed particle, the temperature control particle and the free particle of each substrate particle in accordance with the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit.

28. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 24, further comprising:  
a display which displays the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit.

29. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 24, wherein each adsorbate particle includes a plurality of smaller particles;  
the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit includes information indicating whether the smaller particles of a respective adsorbate particle are static against a center of mass of the adsorbate particle; and

when the particle motion computing unit generates an adsorbate particle and the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit indicates that the smaller particles of the respective adsorbate particle are not static against the center of mass, the particle motion computing unit provides a random orientation to the smaller particles of the adsorbate particle.



30. ( NOT AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 29, wherein, when the particle motion computing unit generates an adsorbate particle and the information set by the kinetic condition setting unit indicates that the smaller particles of the respective adsorbate particle are not fixed against center of mass, the particle motion computing unit provides an initial velocity to the smaller particles of the adsorbate particle.

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31. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 24, wherein, when generating ~~an adsorbate particle, the particle motion computing unit provides a random direction within a~~ cone pointed at the substrate and being centered at a point of generation of center of mass velocity of the adsorbate particle.

32. (ONCE AMENDED) An apparatus as in claim 24, wherein  
[each adsorbate particle has a corresponding emission source,]  
for each adsorbate particle, the kinetic condition setting unit sets a region indicating a position of the corresponding emission source, and  
the particle motion computing unit generates each adsorbate particle in accordance with the position of the corresponding emission source as indicated by the region set by the kinetic condition setting unit.

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